## **HOME EXERCISE 2**

## Set out carefully all appropriate working.

- 1. Factorise fully: (a)  $9a^2 \sqcap 25$  (b)  $4w^2 \sqcap 36$  (3)
- 2. Mobile phone calls are charged at two rates, standard and peak rate.

John made 12 minutes of standard and 7 minutes of peak rate calls and was charged £2. Jane made 8 minutes of standard and 9 minutes of peak rate calls and was charged £2·20.

Let x **pence** be the cost of one minute of calls at standard rate and y **pence** the cost of one minute of calls at peak rates.

- (a) Write an equation in terms of x and y for John's calls. (1)
- (b) Write an equation in terms of x and y for Jane's calls. (1)
- (c) Find the cost of one minute of calls at each of the rates (3)
- 3. Change the subject of the formula to r: (a)  $p = nr \Box t$  (b)  $w = r^2 + h$  (4)
- 4. One **milligram** of helium gas contains  $1.504 \times 10^{20}$  atoms.
  - (a) Calculate the number of atoms in 5 **grams** of helium gas. (2)
  - (b) Calculate the mass in **milligrams** of one atom of helium. (2)

Write your answers in scientific notation and correct to 3 significant figures.

5. The table shows the annual pollution outputs of some factories.

The government requires these pollution outputs to be reduced to less than 120 units annually and allows the factories 3 years to achieve this.

The factories plan to **reduce** pollution outputs by **5% each year**.

factory	annual pollution
dye works	115 units
oil works	138 units
tyre works	132 units
iron works	128 units
salt works	106 units

Will all the factories succeed in meeting government requirements? Show all appropriate working clearly.

(4)