## HOME EXERCISE 2

## Set out carefully all appropriate working.


(a) Calculate the angles $\mathrm{a}^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{b}^{\circ}$ that the lines shown make with the positive OX direction.
(b) Hence calculate the angle between the two lines.
2. Given that the lines with equations $3 x \square 4 y+12=0$ and $y=a x \square 6$ are perpendicular, find the value of $a$.
3. If $f(x)=2 x \square x^{2}$ and $g(x)=x+1$
(a) write in simplest form $f(g(x))$
(b) If $h(x)=\frac{1}{f(g(x))}$, state the values of $x$ for which the function $h(x)$ is undefined.


The graph of the function $f(x)=x^{2} \square 6 x+11$ is shown.
(a) Write $x^{2} \sqcap 6 x+11$ the form $(x+a)^{2}+b$.
(b) The curve meets the $y$-axis at point $\mathrm{P}(0, \mathrm{p})$ and the turning point is $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r})$. Write the values of $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ and r .
(c) If $g(x)=2 \square f(x)$, sketch the graph of $g(x)$, marking clearly the turning point and the points where the graph meets the axes.

