## HOME EXERCISE 4

## Set out carefully all appropriate working. Do not use a calculator.



The graph with equation $y=\frac{1}{3} x^{3} \square x^{2}$ is shown.
(a) Line $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ is a tangent to the graph at the point $(3,0)$.

Find the equation of line $L_{1}$.
(b) Line $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ is also a tangent to the graph and is parallel to line $\mathrm{L}_{1}$.

Find the x -coordinate of the point where line $L_{2}$ meets the curve.
2. (a) Write $3 x^{2}+12 x+20$ the form $a(x+b)^{2}+c$.
(b) Hence state the minimum value of $3 x^{2}+12 x+20$ and the corresponding value of $x$.
3. (a) Solve the equation $2 \sin x^{\circ}+\sqrt{3}=0,0 \square x \square 360$.
(b) Hence solve the equation $2 \sin (2 x \square 10)^{\circ}+\sqrt{3}=0,0 \square x \square 180$.
4. If $f(x)=x^{2} \square 1$ and $g(x)=\sqrt{x+1}, x \geq \square 1$
(a) write in simplest form: $\quad$ (i) $f(g(x))$
(ii) $g(f(x))$.
(b) Comment on the results of part (a) regarding functions $f$ and $g$.

